



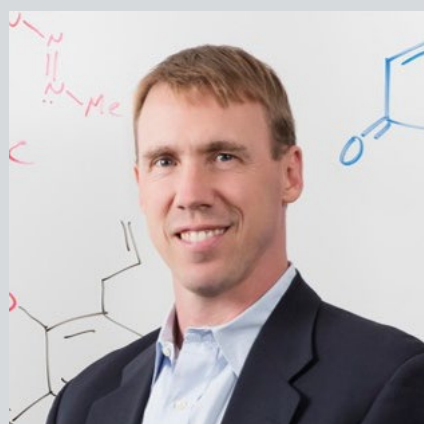
Discovery Lecture Series

Traversing the valley of death in drug discovery

Wednesday, Dec. 4 | Biodesign Auditorium | 2-3 p.m.

Only 1 in 20 anticancer compounds that begin human clinical trials will become an approved drug. Many have pointed at the traditional development pathway -- whereby anticancer efficacy is assessed in rodent models, and the next efficacy assessment is in people -- as a major reason for this poor success rate. The Hergenrother Lab has been working to evaluate candidate compounds in pets with cancer, as a way, to help these veterinary cancer patients that often have no other options and as a method to guide the selection of the human drug candidate.

Dr. Hergenrother's lecture will describe the process through the example of the procaspase-3 activating compound PAC-1 and will also detail his work to synthesize complex and diverse compound from natural products, and to use them to identify novel broad-spectrum antibiotics.



Paul J. Hergenrother, PhD

*Professor, Kenneth L. Rinehart Jr. Endowed Chair,
Natural Products Chemistry, University of Illinois, Urbana*

Dr. Hergenrother established his laboratory in the Department of Chemistry in 2001 with a focus of using small molecules to identify and validate novel targets for the treatment of intractable disease, including cancer, degenerative disorders and multi-drug resistant bacteria. He is the co-founder and Chief Scientific Officer of Vanquish Oncology, and an anticancer compound discovered by the Hergenrother lab is now being taken by cancer patients in Phase 1 clinical trials. Hergenrother serves on the editorial/advisory board for multiple journals including *Current Opinion in Chemical Biology*. He received his PhD from the University of Texas, Austin and his BS in Chemistry, University of Notre Dame.